

Exhibit 1

**UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT FOR THE
SOUTHERN DISTRICT OF NEW YORK**

-----	X	
	:	
PDV USA, INC.,	:	
	:	
Plaintiff,	:	
	:	
v.	:	Case No. 20-cv-3699
	:	
INTERAMERICAN CONSULTING INC.,	:	
	:	
Defendant.	:	
-----	X	

SECOND AMENDED COMPLAINT

Plaintiff PDV USA, Inc. (“PDV USA” or “Plaintiff”), by and through its undersigned counsel, Willkie Farr & Gallagher LLP, alleges as follows in its Second Amended Complaint against Defendant Interamerican Consulting Inc. (“Interamerican”):

NATURE OF THE ACTION

1. On March 21, 2017, PDV USA and Interamerican entered into a purported consulting agreement (the “Agreement”) pursuant to which Interamerican, a one-person consulting firm run by former U.S. Congressman David Rivera, would be paid \$50 million in six installments over a three-month period to provide purported “strategic consulting services” for the benefit of PDV USA’s ultimate parent company, Petróleos de Venezuela, S.A. (“PDVSA”). A true and correct copy of the Agreement is annexed hereto as Exhibit 1.

2. At the time, PDV USA’s corporate purpose was to provide U.S.-based shareholder support services for PDVSA, the state-owned oil and natural gas company of the Bolivarian Republic of Venezuela, then controlled entirely by the regime of Nicolás Maduro. PDV USA is owned by PDV Holding, Inc. (“PDV Holding”), which in turn is owned by PDVSA. As part of PDV USA’s shareholder services to PDVSA, on or around early March 2017, PDVSA

issued written instructions to its U.S.-based subsidiaries to enter into the Agreement for the purported purpose of improving PDVSA's "long-term reputation and standing" in the United States. PDVSA provided PDV USA with the funds to be used to retain Interamerican, as well as specific instructions regarding the retention, including the contract's total sum.

3. According to the Agreement, Interamerican was supposed to develop and implement over a three-month period a strategic plan to improve an undefined "CLIENT's" reputation and standing among, and build relationships with, policy makers, opinion leaders, public officials, and targeted stakeholders. No matter who was intended to be the beneficiary of such services, such plan was ever developed, much less implemented. In fact, after nearly a year of discovery in this matter, Defendant cannot point to a single written record of any supposed plans, meetings, or strategies Mr. Rivera claims he orchestrated and devised (or of *any* services rendered by Interamerican). The closest he can point to is a series of text messages between Mr. Rivera and persons who had no role with PDV USA about an attempted meeting that never occurred between senior officials in the Maduro regime, PDVSA and ExxonMobil ("Exxon"). Defendant performed virtually no services under the Agreement, and certainly did not perform the level of services that might justify a fee of approximately \$17 million *per month*.

4. Something else was afoot. Shortly after receiving the first three installment payments from PDV USA—totaling \$15 million—Interamerican transferred approximately 75% of that amount to three third parties: (1) Interamerican transferred \$3.75 million to companies controlled by Hugo Perera, a convicted drug trafficker; (2) Interamerican transferred \$3.75 million to a yacht company purportedly to pay the costs of maintaining a yacht owned by Raul Gorrín, a Venezuelan billionaire and fugitive from justice who was indicted by the United States in 2018 in connection with a multi-billion dollar money laundering and bribery scheme; and (3)

Interamerican transferred \$3.5 million to a firm named Communication Solutions owned by Esther Nuhfer, a long-time associate of Mr. Rivera. Mr. Perera and Ms. Nuhfer are currently under criminal investigation for their role in this scheme.

5. Interamerican's explanation for these payments—totaling at least \$11 million—is simply incredible. At Mr. Rivera's deposition, and in Interamerican's interrogatory responses, Interamerican claims that Mr. Rivera made these transfers to pay "referral" fees of 25% of the Agreement value (*i.e.*, \$12.5 million of the total \$50 million consideration) to each of Mr. Gorrín, Mr. Perera, and Ms. Nuhfer. When asked to explain this, Mr. Rivera testified under oath that he owed Mr. Gorrín a "referral" fee of \$12.5 million because Mr. Gorrín had arranged a single meeting in the Dominican Republic that *may* have led to his engagement by PDV USA; he owed another "referral" fee of \$12.5 million to Mr. Perera solely because he had previously introduced Mr. Rivera to Mr. Gorrín; and he owed yet another "referral" fee of \$12.5 million to Ms. Nuhfer solely because Ms. Nuhfer had originally introduced Mr. Rivera to Mr. Perera.

6. The written record is directly contrary to Interamerican's story. As PDV USA learned through discovery in this action—despite Mr. Rivera's efforts to destroy documents during the litigation—Interamerican documented its arrangements with Ms. Nuhfer's firm (Communication Solutions, Inc. ("Communication Solutions")) and with Mr. Perera's firm (PG & Associates, Inc. ("PGA")) concerning the Agreement as subcontracts in which Communication Solutions and PGA were designated as Interamerican's "subcontractors" that would provide consulting services to PDV USA and/or assist Interamerican in doing so. At his deposition, Mr. Rivera testified that these subcontracts were created in connection with the preparation of Interamerican's 2017 tax return. He further testified that they were signed by him, Mr. Perera, and

Ms. Nuhfer, respectively, at the end of 2017, but then backdated to March 20, 2017—the day before the Agreement was executed. Mr. Rivera also asked Interglobal Yacht Management LLC (“IYM”), Mr. Gorrín’s yacht manager, to sign a similar subcontract, but IYM refused to do so because it was never a subcontractor to Interamerican and never provided any such services.¹

7. In short, PDV USA received nothing from Interamerican in exchange for making payments of \$15 million. Most of that sum was transferred to third parties that are either indicted fugitives from justice or under criminal investigation in connection with those payments. The Agreement is either a void instrument of illegality—which PDV USA entered into at the direction of PDVSA when it was controlled by the Maduro regime—or a contract whose plain and unambiguous terms were breached by Interamerican in numerous respects detailed below. Either way, PDV USA paid \$15 million to Interamerican and is entitled to the return of its money.

8. In January 2019, the United States Government recognized Juan Guaidó, the President of Venezuela’s National Assembly, as the Interim President of Venezuela, and at the same time derecognized the Maduro regime and designated PDVSA as a “Specially Designated National” (“SDN”) with whom no U.S. person may do business absent a license from the U.S. Department of Treasury. Mr. Gorrín has also been designated an SDN. The Guaidó Government, in turn, appointed an Ad Hoc Board of Directors of PDVSA to oversee the U.S. operations of PDVSA’s U.S.-based subsidiaries, including PDV Holding, PDV USA, and also Citgo Petroleum

¹ This is not the first time that Mr. Rivera has engaged in deceptive activity. A federal court in Florida recently fined Mr. Rivera \$450,000 for violating the United States campaign finance laws. The court observed in particular that Mr. Rivera’s “omissions . . . leave the Court with the *inescapable conclusion that Defendant is, once again, being less than honest and forthright,*” that evidence from the Federal Election Commission “*further undermines [Mr. Rivera’s] veracity in this case,*” that Mr. Rivera’s “*assertions lack credibility,*” and that Mr. Rivera had attempted to “*subvert justice and avoid the repercussions of his unlawful acts throughout . . . the proceedings before this Court.*” *FEC v. Rivera*, 2022 WL 1400874, at *5 & n.2–4 (S.D. Fla. Mar. 24, 2022) (emphases added).

Corporation (“Citgo”)—another subsidiary of PDV Holding. In August 2019, the Delaware Court of Chancery ruled that under U.S. law, the Guaidó appointments to the PDVSA Ad Hoc Board were presumptively valid. Therefore, PDV USA no longer provides services for PDVSA.

9. Accordingly, PDV USA brings this action to recover the \$15 million (plus interest) it has already paid Defendant, for a declaration that PDV USA does not owe Interamerican the remaining \$30 million contemplated under the Agreement, and to recover any other compensatory damages in an amount to be addressed at trial, as well as all expenses, court costs, and attorneys’ fees associated with enforcing its contractual rights.

10. In the alternative, to the extent the Agreement is void as a matter of public policy and no enforceable contract exists, Interamerican should be required to disgorge the \$15 million it was paid under the doctrine of unjust enrichment and PDV USA should be entitled to a declaration that it does not owe Interamerican any further payments in relation to the Agreement.

THE PARTIES

11. PDV USA is a company incorporated in Delaware with its principal place of business located at 1293 Eldridge Parkway, Houston, Texas 77077. PDV USA is a wholly-owned subsidiary of PDV Holding, which in turn is a wholly-owned subsidiary of PDVSA. At the time of the Agreement, PDV USA operated out of an office located at 65 East 55th Street, Floor 21, New York, New York 10022. PDV USA had (and has) no independent employees or independent business operations. It existed solely to provide shareholder support services in the United States to PDVSA. In fact, at the time, most of the executives of PDV USA held simultaneous positions at PDVSA, and lived and worked at PDVSA in Caracas. In 2019, following U.S. sanctions against Venezuela and PDVSA, the PDVSA Ad Hoc Board took control

of all U.S.-based subsidiaries of PDVSA, including PDV Holding and PDV USA. As such, PDV USA no longer provides shareholder services to PDVSA.

12. Interamerican is a company incorporated in the State of Florida by Mr. Rivera. It is a one-person consulting firm operated out of Mr. Rivera's home, located at 10925 N.W. 43rd Lane, Miami, Florida 33178. Interamerican claims to be in the business of providing "strategic consulting services."

JURISDICTION AND VENUE

13. This Court has diversity jurisdiction over the state law claims asserted herein under 28 U.S.C. § 1332. The parties are citizens of different states and the amount in controversy exceeds \$75,000.

14. Venue is proper in this Court because, pursuant to the Agreement, the parties agreed to "irrevocably submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the State of New York" for the purpose of resolving disputes arising out of the Agreement.

15. In addition, the parties specified in the Agreement that it "shall be deemed to be made under, and shall be construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York (without reference to choice of law doctrine)." (Exhibit 1 at § 16).

FACTUAL BACKGROUND

The Formation and Terms of the Agreement

16. On March 21, 2017, PDV USA and Interamerican entered into the Agreement, pursuant to which PDV USA agreed to pay Interamerican \$50 million in exchange for certain "strategic consulting services." PDV USA did so at the express written instruction of PDVSA, and played no role in the decision to retain Interamerican or in deciding the key terms of the Agreement.

17. The formation of the Agreement was highly irregular for many reasons. According to Mr. Rivera, an executive from Citgo called him and simply offered him a \$50 million engagement without any prior discussions. Interamerican never submitted a request for proposal. Mr. Rivera never pitched for the Agreement. No due diligence was conducted on Interamerican before it was hired.

18. For that matter, Mr. Rivera was hardly the type of established, go-to consultant who could pull in multi-million dollar contracts with major corporations out of the blue. He was a fairly unknown consultant who had served a single term in Congress from 2010 to 2012. In 2016, the year prior to the Agreement, Interamerican (Mr. Rivera's only source of income) made \$9,500. From 2013 (Interamerican's first year in existence) to 2015, it never made more than \$100,000 in a single year.

19. The Agreement had a three-month term, beginning on the date of execution, March 21, 2017, and terminating on June 21, 2017. (Exhibit 1 at § 2).

20. The services to be provided by Interamerican were set forth in Exhibit A to the Agreement ("Exhibit A"), "which, with any addendums or schedules thereto, [were] integrated into and made a part of" the Agreement. (Exhibit 1 at § 4).

21. Exhibit A, which was drafted by Mr. Rivera, provides that, "[i]t shall be the CONSULTANT's duty to provide strategic consulting services to the CLIENT as the CLIENT deems necessary and appropriate." (Exhibit 1 at 6).

22. "CONSULTANT" is defined in the Agreement to mean Interamerican. "CLIENT" is not defined, but the parties understood that the services were intended for the benefit of PDVSA, not PDV USA. The defined term for PDV USA, Inc. in the Agreement is "PDV USA"

and the rest of the Agreement, including Exhibit B, which sets out the payment terms, refers to “PDV USA” throughout.

23. Only Exhibit A, concerning the services to be provided by Interamerican, refers to the “CLIENT.” The parties understood that PDVSA was the CLIENT. Indeed, Pio Gonzalez, a PDVSA employee with a PDVSA email address, was identified in the Agreement as the “authorized representative” for PDV USA (Exhibit 1 § 14) and the two progress reports that were produced by Interamerican were sent directly to him. The Agreement was signed by Guillermo Blanco, who held the title of president of PDV USA, but functionally served in the Office of the President of PDVSA and had a PDVSA email address. And, the same day the Agreement was executed, Mr. Rivera was directed by Mr. Blanco, and Mr. Rivera agreed, to provide all reports going forward to Mr. Gonzalez.

24. Pursuant to Exhibit A, Interamerican agreed to: (1) “provide CLIENT with strategic consulting and assistance developing strategies to inform policy makers and opinion leaders regarding CLIENT initiatives and achievements;” (2) “develop and work with CLIENT to organize and implement a multi-faceted strategy to reinforce CLIENT’s standing among important public officials and opinion leaders;” (3) “support CLIENT in the planning and execution of a strategic plan directed at targeted stakeholders to assist CLIENT with the development and implementation of a program to support efforts that will enhance the long-term reputation and standing of CLIENT;” and (4) “identify opportunities to build long-term relationships among key third-parties, opinion leaders and public officials.” (Exhibit 1 at 6).

25. Exhibit A enumerated specific “deliverables” that were to be provided by Interamerican. Specifically, Interamerican was required to provide: (1) “updates regarding the strategic consulting services;” (2) “supporting documentation” for all invoices submitted, as well

as “adequate and complete details of the Services rendered;” (3) written “bi-weekly report[s] detailing the activities that it has carried out during that period to achieve the stated goals and purposes of the Agreement;” and (4) “a final report integrating all work product including recommendations for monitoring and following up on the strategies implemented” pursuant to the Agreement. (Exhibit 1 at 6).

26. Exhibit B to the Agreement set out a payment schedule, pursuant to which PDV USA was to pay Interamerican a total of \$50 million. (Exhibit 1 at 7).

27. Under the payment schedule, PDV USA was to pay Interamerican an “Initial Payment Installment” of \$5 million on March 21, 2017. (Exhibit 1 at 7).

28. The payment schedule further instructed that, starting on April 4, 2017, another \$20 million be paid in \$5 million “Consecutive Payment Installments” every two weeks and that a “Final Payment Installment” of \$25 million be paid before June 15, 2017.

29. However, the Agreement only required PDV USA to pay Interamerican as compensation for the “completion” of the services to PDV USA’s “sole satisfaction.” (Exhibit 1 at § 3).

30. The Agreement provided that Interamerican “may not subcontract any portion of” its services under the Agreement “without the prior written consent of the PDV USA Authorized Representative,” Pio Gonzalez. (Exhibit 1 at § 18).

31. Finally, Interamerican warranted and covenanted to PDV USA that “no portion of any payment to [Interamerican] by PDV USA pursuant to this Agreement shall be used as a bribe, kickback, rebate, illegal political contribution, or in violation of applicable foreign exchange control regulations, tax laws or regulations, or other laws or regulations of any jurisdiction.” (Exhibit 1 at § 7). Interamerican also warranted and covenanted in the Agreement

that it “shall comply with all federal, state and local laws, regulations and ordinances.” (Exhibit 1 at § 17).

Interamerican Failed to Perform Under the Agreement and Breached Numerous Provisions of the Agreement

32. Interamerican failed to provide the services and deliverables set out in the Agreement and breached numerous provisions. Indeed, Mr. Rivera by his own admission never even visited the offices of Citgo or PDV USA and never met in person with anyone from Citgo or PDV USA during the term of the Agreement.

33. Interamerican did not perform any of the services that it contracted to perform, much less to PDV USA’s satisfaction:

- a. Interamerican did not “provide CLIENT with strategic consulting and assistance developing strategies to inform policy makers and opinion leaders regarding CLIENT initiatives and achievements.” (Exhibit 1 at 6).
- b. Interamerican did not “develop and work with CLIENT to organize and implement a multi-faceted strategy to reinforce CLIENT’s standing among important public officials and opinion leaders.” (*Id.*)
- c. Interamerican did not “support CLIENT in the planning and execution of a strategic plan directed at targeted stakeholders to assist CLIENT with the development and implementation of a program to support efforts that will enhance the long-term reputation and standing of CLIENT.” (*Id.*)
- d. Interamerican did not “identify opportunities to build long-term relationships among key third-parties, opinion leaders and public officials.” (*Id.*)

34. Discovery in this action has confirmed that Interamerican performed none of these services. Mr. Rivera never prepared or provided any written presentations or memoranda (aside from the two deficient and incoherent progress reports discussed *infra*). Mr. Rivera never prepared a written summary, outline or other report documenting the “strategic plan” he now claims he created. There are no presentations, talking points, agendas, or calendar invitations documenting any of the meetings that Mr. Rivera claims he attended (either internally within Citgo/PDV USA or externally with public and private stakeholders). As Mr. Rivera would have it, as part of a \$50 million consulting agreement with one of the world’s leading petroleum companies, he conveyed virtually all of his reports and services over the phone in a series of ad hoc conference calls for which there were not even calendar invites.

35. Simply put, the written record is bereft of any evidence that Interamerican performed any of the contracted services. PDV USA does not have any such evidence, nor does Interamerican. There is not a single email, a single PowerPoint presentation, a single outline, a single memorandum, a single calendar entry, or anything else suggesting that Interamerican ever performed any of the services set forth in Exhibit A to the Agreement. And, while much of the written record of Mr. Rivera’s activities during 2017 appears to have been deleted from Interamerican’s files, Interamerican did produce thousands of text and WhatsApp messages (though Mr. Rivera also attempted to purge many of them after this litigation commenced).

36. Aside from funneling money to third parties, the contemporaneous evidence of Mr. Rivera’s activities during the term of the Agreement—namely the WhatsApp messages produced by Interamerican and a handful of emails—shows that his time was spent coordinating with Mr. Gorrín to arrange a meeting for senior officials of the Maduro regime—Nelson Martinez, Venezuela’s Energy Minister, and Delcy Rodriguez, Venezuela’s Foreign Minister at the time—

with executives at PDVSA and Exxon. He did this with the help of Congressman Pete Sessions. This meeting had nothing to do with Citgo, and no Citgo executives were even contemplated to be on the invite list according to the documents produced in this case.

37. In any event, the meeting with Exxon never occurred. Mr. Rivera understood at the time that his “client”—whether it was PDVSA or its owner, the Republic of Venezuela—were dissatisfied with Interamerican’s work in this regard. In fact, on May 29, 2017, Mr. Rivera drafted an email to be sent to Mr. Gorrín, in which he admitted that his “client” was “concern[ed]” and “frustrat[ed]” with Mr. Rivera’s lack of performance.

38. Interamerican also breached the Agreement in several other ways. To begin with, Interamerican failed to provide the seven bi-weekly reports “detailing the activities that it ha[d] carried out” during each applicable two-week period and the final report “integrating all work product including recommendations for monitoring and following-up on the strategies implemented,” as required by Exhibit A. (Exhibit 1 at 6).

39. Instead, Mr. Rivera submitted only two reports in total: (1) one “bi-weekly” report on May 1, 2017, almost a month after the first report was due on April 4, 2017; and (2) a “final” report on December 31, 2017, more than six months after the Agreement’s June 21, 2017 termination date. These reports were submitted to Mr. Pio Gonzalez, an employee of PDVSA.

40. The reports totaled no more than five pages (collectively), much of which was duplicated, and failed to describe any work done on behalf of PDV USA or PDVSA (or Citgo) or provide any evidence that work was actually performed. For example, the reports make numerous references to developing and implementing the “strategic plan,” but do not describe what that plan entailed or how it was allegedly implemented.

41. The reports also refer generically to meetings and discussions with “important policy makers and opinion leaders in the United States,” “key public officials,” “target stakeholders,” “public sector stakeholders,” and “private sector stakeholders,” but fail to describe the purpose of those meetings, who attended, what was discussed, or what makes any of these leaders, officials or stakeholders important to Interamerican’s “strategic plan.”

42. Similarly, the purported final report refers to recommendations, but does not explain what those recommendations are.

43. While the reports do not show that Interamerican provided the services for which it was engaged, neither do they support Mr. Rivera’s theory as to the purpose of the Agreement. Nothing in any report claims, or remotely suggests, that the money provided to Interamerican was being used for the purpose of separating Citgo from Venezuela or PDVSA.

44. Interamerican also failed to provide “supporting documentation” and “adequate and complete details of the Services rendered” with each invoice submitted to PDV USA, as required by Exhibit A. (Exhibit 1 at 6). Indeed, Interamerican provided no supporting documentation or detail whatsoever within the sparse, one-page invoices submitted for payment. The invoices, which range from \$5 to \$25 million, contain a total of three words describing the purported services: “strategic consulting services.”

45. As a result of these multiple failures and breaches, Interamerican failed to perform any services “to PDV USA’s sole satisfaction.” (Exhibit 1 at § 3). PDV USA never expressed satisfaction with the services provided by Interamerican, and is not satisfied with Interamerican’s services.

46. Although not known to PDV USA until discovery in this action, Interamerican also breached Section 18 of the Agreement, which provides that Interamerican “may

not subcontract any portion of the Services without the prior written consent of the PDV USA Authorized Representative.” (Exhibit 1 at § 18).

47. Without prior written consent, Interamerican subcontracted its services, as evidenced by written subcontract agreements signed by Mr. Rivera and the subcontractors, payments made by Interamerican to the subcontractors in accordance with the terms of the signed subcontracts, and contemporaneous communications between Rivera and the subcontractors demonstrating that the subcontractors at least attempted to perform services under the Agreement and/or assist Interamerican in performing its services.

48. The three subcontractors were Raul Gorrín, Esther Nuhfer, and Hugo Perera.

49. Raul Gorrín is a Venezuelan billionaire and owner of Globovisión, a major news network in Venezuela. Mr. Gorrín maintained high-level political connections in Venezuela, including with the Maduro regime. Mr. Gorrín was indicted in 2018 in connection with a multi-billion dollar money laundering and bribery scheme and he remains a fugitive of the United States. He is currently an SDN.

50. Esther Nuhfer claims to be a Florida political consultant. Ms. Nuhfer is a long-time associate of Mr. Rivera’s. Ms. Nuhfer is currently under criminal investigation for her involvement as a subcontractor.

51. Hugo Perera claims to be a Florida businessman. Mr. Perera is currently under criminal investigation for his involvement as a subcontractor. He was previously convicted in the United States for drug trafficking. In response to questions about his receipt of PDV USA’s funds from Interamerican (as well as questions about his relationship with Mr. Rivera more generally), Mr. Perera invoked his Fifth Amendment rights and declined to answer.

52. As detailed below, PDV USA paid Interamerican \$15 million under the Agreement between March 24, 2017 and April 19, 2017. Interamerican, in turn, made the following subcontract payments:

- a. \$3.5 million to Esther Nuhfer between March 27, 2017 and April 24, 2017.
- b. \$3.75 million to Raul Gorrín between March 31, 2017 and April 21, 2017.
- c. \$3.75 million to Hugo Perera between March 30, 2017 and April 24, 2017.

53. These payments were later documented as made pursuant to subcontract agreements with firms owned by or connected to Mr. Gorrín, Ms. Nuhfer, and Mr. Perera. These firms were:

- a. Communication Solutions, Inc., a one-person company owned by Esther Nuhfer.
- b. Krome Agronomics LLC (“Krome”) and PGA, one-person companies owned by Hugo Perera.
- c. IYM, a yacht management company that managed yachts for Mr. Gorrín. Payments by Interamerican to IYM were intended exclusively for Mr. Gorrín. The owner of IYM refused to counter-sign the subcontract with Mr. Rivera.

54. The subcontracts between Interamerican and Communication Solutions, Inc., PGA, and IYM, each provided that the “subcontractor” would “provide [Interamerican] and [PDV USA] with” consulting services “to best serve [Interamerican’s] ability to fulfill its agreement with” PDV USA (referring to the Agreement). In exchange, the “subcontractor” would “receive from [Interamerican] 25 percent of net fees received from [PDV USA] in fulfillment of

[Interamerican's] agreement with [PDV USA]." Interamerican signed a "marketing" agreement with Krome that contained similar terms.

55. Mr. Rivera contemporaneously described Krome, PGA, Communication Solutions, Inc., and IYM as "sub-contractor[s]." He also described these payments as "subcontractor invoice payments" to his accountant in connection with preparing Interamerican's 2017 tax return.

56. The evidence shows that at least some of these subcontractors, namely, Raul Gorrín, did in fact provide or attempt to provide services to Interamerican and/or PDVSA in connection with the Agreement. For example, Mr. Rivera exchanged dozens of text messages with Raul Gorrín about attempting to arrange a meeting between representatives of Exxon and PDVSA, which Mr. Rivera asserts represented the majority of the work he performed under the Agreement.

57. PDV USA never knew about these subcontracts until discovery in this action because Interamerican never disclosed them to PDV USA. PDV USA never provided "prior written consent" (or consent of any kind) and therefore Interamerican breached Section 18 of the Agreement when it entered into these subcontracts.

58. Interamerican also breached its warranty and covenant in Section 7 that "no portion of any payment to [Interamerican] by PDV USA pursuant to this Agreement shall be used as a bribe, kickback, rebate, . . . illegal political contribution, or in violation of . . . other laws or regulations of any jurisdiction" as well as the warranty and covenant in Section 17 that Interamerican "shall comply with all federal, state and local laws, regulations and ordinances." Mr. Rivera used PDV USA's funds to commit a series of unlawful acts:

- a) Mr. Rivera used at least part of PDV USA's funds to compensate Raul Gorrín for purported legal services. (Mr. Rivera claims that Mr. Gorrín

acted as his lawyer in connection with the Agreement.) Because Mr. Rivera's payment to Mr. Gorrín was provided in exchange for legal services rendered by Mr. Gorrín while Mr. Gorrín was an SDN—including services rendered to Mr. Rivera in person in Venezuela in 2020—Mr. Rivera conducted business with an SDN in direct violation of U.S. sanctions law. *See generally* “Notice of OFAC Sanctions Actions,” 84 Fed. Reg. 2946 (Feb. 8, 2019); Exec. Order No. 13,850, 83 Fed. Reg. 55,2435 (Nov. 1, 2018).

- b) Mr. Rivera back-dated agreements for purposes of deceiving Hugo Perera's bank, thereby defrauding a financial institution or conspiring to defraud a financial institution under 18 U.S.C. § 1344 (bank fraud).
- c) Interamerican used at least part of the funds paid under the Agreement—its sole source of income in 2017—to defraud the Internal Revenue Service, deducting “expenses” that were in reality transfers from one account owned by Mr. Rivera to another account also owned by Mr. Rivera. Mr. Rivera's accountant testified that, after he was interviewed by criminal investigators from the IRS, he believed Mr. Rivera had committed tax fraud.
- d) In connection with their attempt to arrange a meeting between Exxon and PDVSA officials, brokered by Congressman Pete Sessions, Mr. Rivera and Mr. Gorrín texted one another (translated to English): “the concert ticket is \$15, not 20, as we said last night,” a clear reference to a bribe. At deposition, Mr. Rivera was unable to explain what this text message

meant, and testified that he did not remember attending any concerts at that time.

- e) When asked why Interamerican paid him millions of dollars, Mr. Perera, another subcontractor, invoked his Fifth Amendment rights and declined to answer. Counsel for Ms. Nuhfer has indicated that she intends to do the same if deposed.

59. In sum, Interamerican breached the Agreement by (1) failing to provide the strategic consulting services set forth in the Agreement, (2) failing to provide seven bi-weekly reports or a final report per the terms of the Agreement, (3) failing to supply adequate supporting details on invoices, (4) subcontracting its services without prior written consent of PDV USA's authorized representative, and (5) violating its warranties and covenants not to use the money received for illegal purposes or to otherwise violate the law.

PDV USA Paid Interamerican for Services that Were Never Performed

60. Notwithstanding Interamerican's failure to provide the contracted-for services, PDV USA initially began making payments to Interamerican. PDV USA had no visibility into what, if any, services Interamerican was providing to PDVSA. PDV USA made the payments to Interamerican because it was instructed to do so by PDVSA.

61. Specifically, PDV USA paid Interamerican the "Initial Payment Installment" of \$5 million on March 24, 2017.

62. PDV USA also began to pay Interamerican the "Consecutive Payment Installments" of \$5 million on each of April 10, 2017 and April 19, 2017.

63. Together with the initial installment payment made on March 24, 2017, PDV USA paid Interamerican a total of \$15 million by April 19, 2017. These payments all

predated the receipt of any interim reports from Interamerican, the first one of which was not received until May 1, 2017. PDV USA made no further payments following receipt of these interim reports. PDV USA was not at the time and is not satisfied with any services purported to be rendered under the Agreement—which were virtually nonexistent.

64. In addition, PDV USA refused to pay the final three Interamerican invoices that Mr. Rivera submitted, which totaled \$35 million.

65. As Mr. Rivera's bank records produced in this action have shown, PDVSA subsequently paid Interamerican another \$5 million in October 2017.

Notwithstanding its Breach of the Agreement, Interamerican Insists that PDV USA Owes the Balance Under the Agreement

66. Even though Interamerican did not provide services as required under the Agreement, Interamerican repeatedly requested payment for the outstanding invoices at various times throughout 2018 and 2019, including on September 11, 2018, December 18, 2018, and February 4, 2019.

67. Interamerican brought a counterclaim in this action, claiming that it fully performed under the Agreement and is owed the unpaid \$30 million.

PDV USA Sought to Assign the Agreement Because of Compliance and Risk Management Concerns But the Assignment Was Never Consummated Because Interamerican Refused to Consent to the Assignment

68. Beginning on or around May 2017, employees within Citgo (who were in charge of managing PDV USA) began pushing to have the Agreement assigned to PDVSA. These employees, including Arnaldo Arcay, Gina Coon, and John Butts, felt highly uncomfortable with maintaining the Agreement—forced on PDV USA by PDVSA—on PDV USA's books. They had also identified a number of red flags, including the large sum of payments made to a one-person consulting firm over a short period of time with no documented services, and the numerous press

articles about Mr. Rivera's campaign finance violations and reports describing him as one of the most corrupt Congressmen. In short, PDV USA did not like this highly questionable arrangement, and was not receiving any services, much less services to its satisfaction.

69. Consequently, in May 2017, Citgo's Compliance Committee was informed about the Agreement, and Citgo's Controller (a member of the Compliance Committee) ordered that payments to Interamerican cease. Around the same time, senior management at Citgo, PDV USA, and PDVSA also determined that the Agreement should be assigned to PDVSA. On May 30, 2017, Mr. Rivera was informed that all further invoices should be directed to PDVSA, and he complied.

70. On May 31, 2017, PDV USA and PDVSA jointly sought Defendant's consent to assign the Agreement from PDV USA to PDVSA. PDV USA and PDVSA later both signed an "Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement To 'Consulting Agreement, Dated March 21, 2017'" (the "Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement"). Interamerican was identified as a third party to the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement for purposes of granting consent to its terms, which the parties agreed was to constitute a novation or release for PDV USA, and a signature block was provided for Interamerican's consent. But Interamerican refused to consent to the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement and never signed it. Accordingly, the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement was never fully executed. A true and correct copy of the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement is annexed hereto as Exhibit 2.

71. Interamerican's written consent was an essential condition of the formation of the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement. Indeed, in the recitals of the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement, the parties stated as one of the underlying bases for their

agreement that “Consultant has agreed to consent to the terms and conditions of this Assignment and Assumption Agreement, and therefore, fully release Assignor for all past, present, and future obligations under the Agreement.” (Exhibit 2 at 1). This made clear that the assignment would only become effective if Interamerican consented to its terms.

72. Plaintiff did not, and would not have agreed to, assign its rights under the Agreement unless it received Interamerican’s consent and a release from its obligations. Thus, in paragraph 1 of the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement, PDV USA stated that the “Assignment and Assumption shall be construed as a novation or a release of Assignor under the Agreement.” *Id.* For that reason, Interamerican was required to execute the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement and a signature block was included on page 2 for its signature.

73. Because Interamerican never executed the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement, the agreement was never formed and the assignment and assumption reflected therein was never effective. The right to enforce the Agreement therefore belongs to PDV USA notwithstanding the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement.

74. Until this lawsuit was filed, Defendant’s position has also been that no assignment was ever effected and it has continued to demand payment from Plaintiff. A February 4, 2019 email from Mr. Rivera makes this clear:

As you know, Interamerican Consulting never agreed to or consented to any assignment of the contract from PDV USA to PDVSA. In fact, any suggestion of a reassignment of the contract was specifically rejected on two occasions. Our legal counsel has now reviewed this matter in depth, including the documented role of Citgo attorneys and corporate officers, and has concluded indisputably and categorically that any assignment by PDV USA to PDVSA was a unilateral decision arranged between PDV USA and PDVSA and, under State of New York contract law governing the consulting agreement, in no way absolves PDV USA of its contractual obligations to Interamerican Consulting.

75. In any event, for the avoidance of doubt, to the extent any rights, obligations or liabilities under the Agreement were transferred from PDV USA to PDVSA pursuant to the

Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement—which they were not— PDVSA has agreed to rescind such transfer and, if necessary, transfer such rights, obligations or liabilities back to PDV USA. Accordingly, on October 30, 2020, PDV USA and PDVSA entered into a Rescission of Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement To “Consulting Agreement, Dated March 21, 2017,” in which, “to the extent any rights, obligations or liabilities under the Consulting Agreement were previously transferred from PDV USA to PDVSA pursuant to the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement, PDVSA hereby transfers and assigns to PDV USA any such rights, obligations and liabilities to PDV USA, and PDV USA hereby accepts this transfer and assignment.” A true and correct copy of the Rescission Agreement is annexed hereto as Exhibit 3.

In the Alternative, the Agreement Is Void as a Matter of Public Policy and Interamerican Was Unjustly Enriched

76. In the alternative, the Agreement was, unbeknownst to PDV USA, a cover for illegal transactions by and among Mr. Rivera and his associates, and is therefore void as a matter of public policy.

77. Mr. Rivera now claims (publicly and in this litigation) that the true purpose of the Agreement was to help Citgo “disengage” from its ultimate parent PDVSA as part of what Mr. Rivera claims was a rogue operation by Citgo executives in defiance of the Maduro regime.

78. This is false. PDV USA could locate no evidence supporting this claim, and Interamerican has not provided any, other than the verifiably false testimony of Mr. Rivera. It defies credulity to assert that PDVSA, which at the time was controlled entirely by the Maduro Regime, directed its U.S. subsidiary to hire Interamerican so that Interamerican could advise Citgo, PDVSA’s primary U.S. operating entity, on how to disengage from PDVSA and the Maduro regime. This claim is even more incredible in light of the fact that (a) PDVSA provided the \$50 million earmarked for Interamerican, (b) PDV USA’s authorized representative under the

Agreement, as well as the signatory on behalf of PDV USA, were both PDVSA employees with PDVSA email addresses, (c) PDV USA's sole corporate purpose was to provide shareholder services to PDVSA, and (d) the intended participants at the Exxon meeting were PDVSA employees and members of the Venezuelan government and the meeting was going to have nothing to do with Citgo.

79. Mr. Rivera never provided *any* services to Citgo and, it appears, never intended to do so. Instead, the true purpose of the Agreement was to cover up illicit transactions involving Mr. Rivera and his associates. Mr. Rivera systematically funneled payments totaling approximately 75% of the payments he received from PDV USA to associates who have nothing to do with Citgo, including the now-SDN Raul Gorrín (who also has ties to the Maduro regime), and the convicted drug trafficker Hugo Perera. The ultimate purpose of these payments remains unknown, but at least some of the funds were used in connection with numerous crimes, as detailed *supra*. Mr. Rivera plainly has no compunction about creating backdated, phony contracts, which is what he admits he did here in an effort to paper over the third-party payments and make them look like they were in service of the Agreement.

80. Accordingly, the Agreement was an instrumentality of illegality and is therefore void, invalid, or unenforceable.

81. Without knowledge of Mr. Rivera's money-funneling scheme and illegal conduct, PDV USA paid Interamerican \$15 million and Interamerican was therefore unjustly enriched.

Interamerican Agreed to Indemnify PDV USA for its Breach of the Agreement

82. Under the Agreement, Interamerican agreed to "indemnify . . . PDV USA . . . from and against any and all breaches of this Agreement by [Interamerican]," including "all

such expenses, court costs, and attorneys' fees in the enforcement of PDV USA's rights" under the Agreement. (Exhibit 1 § 10).

COUNT ONE: BREACH OF CONTRACT

83. PDV USA repeats and restates the allegations in all of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

84. Defendant Interamerican entered into the Agreement, pursuant to which Interamerican agreed to perform certain services identified above.

85. Defendant failed to perform those services and therefore breached its agreement with Plaintiff.

86. Defendant entered into subcontracts without PDV USA's prior written consent, and therefore breached the Agreement.

87. Defendant falsely represented and warranted that it would not use the funds from PDV USA for illegal purposes or otherwise violate the law, and violated its covenants regarding the same.

88. As a direct and proximate result of Defendant's breaches, Plaintiff has incurred substantial damages.

89. Plaintiff is entitled to recover the \$15 million (plus interest) that it paid to Defendant and to be released from any further payment under the Agreement.

COUNT TWO: INDEMNITY

90. PDV USA repeats and restates the allegations in all of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

91. Defendant Interamerican agreed to indemnify PDV USA for any damages resulting from its breach of the Agreement, including expenses, court costs, and attorneys' fees.

92. Defendant breached the Agreement.

93. Plaintiff is entitled to recover all damages resulting from Defendant's breach of the Agreement, including expenses, court costs, and attorneys' fees.

COUNT THREE: UNJUST ENRICHMENT

94. PDV USA repeats and restates the allegations in all of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

95. To the extent the Agreement was intended and used as a cover for illegal transactions, it is a sham and no enforceable contract was formed between PDV USA and Interamerican.

96. Plaintiff paid Defendant Interamerican \$15 million.

97. Plaintiff had no knowledge of Interamerican's illicit conduct.

98. There is no justification for Interamerican to retain these payments, and its doing so is unjust and inequitable.

99. Defendant Interamerican therefore has been unjustly enriched to the extent it obtained any payments from Plaintiff. Equity and good conscience require restitution. All such amounts should be returned to Plaintiff, with interest.

COUNT FOUR: DECLARATORY JUDGMENT

100. PDV USA repeats and restates the allegations in all of the preceding paragraphs as though fully set forth herein.

101. As alleged herein, an actual and ripe controversy exists between the parties in that Defendant has asserted, and will continue to assert, that Plaintiff breached the Agreement when it refused to pay the remaining \$30 million contemplated by the Agreement and that Plaintiff therefore owes Defendant \$30 million.

102. Plaintiff's position is that no such money is owed in light of Defendant's breaches of the Agreement.

103. Accordingly, Plaintiff and Defendant have adverse legal interests of sufficient immediacy and reality to warrant the issuance of a declaratory judgment on the disputed matters raised herein.

104. Plaintiff is therefore entitled to a declaration pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2201, C.P.L.R. § 3001, and Rule 57 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure that PDV USA does not owe Interamerican any money under the Agreement because Interamerican breached the Agreement.

105. Alternatively, to the extent that discovery shows that the Agreement was illegal and/or a sham, Plaintiff is entitled to a declaration pursuant to 28 U.S.C. § 2201, C.P.L.R. § 3001, and Rule 57 that PDV USA owes Interamerican no money under the Agreement because no enforceable contract was formed between PDV USA and Interamerican.

PRAYER FOR RELIEF

WHEREFORE, PDV USA requests that the Court:

- a. Adjudge and decree that Defendant is liable for breach of contract and unjust enrichment, as alleged herein;
- b. Declare that PDV USA does not owe Defendant any money under the Agreement;
- c. Enter a judgment against Defendant that awards PDV USA \$15 million (plus interest), relieves Plaintiff from any further payments under the Agreement, awards any further compensatory damages (plus interest) at an amount to be determined at trial; and awards expenses, costs, and attorneys' fees; and
- d. Grant such further relief as the Court deems just and proper.

JURY DEMAND

Plaintiff PDV USA hereby demands a trial by jury on all issues raised in the Complaint herein.

Dated: New York, New York
August __, 2022

WILLKIE FARR & GALLAGHER LLP

By: /s/ Jeffrey B. Korn

Jeffrey B. Korn
Brady M. Sullivan
787 Seventh Avenue
New York, New York 10019
(212) 728-8000
JKorn@willkie.com
BSullivan@willkie.com

Michael J. Gottlieb
1875 K Street, N.W.
Washington, D.C. 20006
(202) 303-1000
MGottlieb@willkie.com

Attorneys for Plaintiff PDV USA, Inc.

EXHIBIT 1

CONSULTING AGREEMENT

This Agreement is made and entered into as of March 21st, 2017, by and between PDV USA, Inc., a Delaware company ("PDV USA"), located at 65 East 55th Street, Floor 21, New York, New York, 10022, and Interamerican Consulting, Incorporated ("CONSULTANT"), located at 10925 N.W. 43rd Lane, Miami, Florida, 33178.

WHEREAS, PDV USA desires the "Services," as hereinafter defined, of CONSULTANT and CONSULTANT has all the experience, expertise, and skills to perform the same and has expressed its interest in entering into this Agreement;

NOW, THEREFORE, in consideration of the premises and of the mutual promises and covenants contained herein, and for other good and valuable consideration, the receipt and sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the parties agree as follows:

1. PDV USA hereby engages CONSULTANT to perform the Services during the term of this Agreement, and CONSULTANT accepts such engagement, upon the terms and conditions set forth herein.
2. **Term.** The term of this Agreement shall commence on March 21st, 2017 and shall end on June 21st, 2017, unless sooner terminated as provided herein. Either party may terminate this Agreement at any time, with or without cause, upon five calendar days prior written notice to the other party. Such termination shall not apply to Services or Deliverables already accepted by CONSULTANT.
3. **Compensation and Services.** During the term of this Agreement, PDV USA shall pay CONSULTANT as compensation for the completion of the Services, to PDV USA's sole satisfaction, in accordance with the attached Exhibit A, which, with any addendums or schedules thereto, shall be integrated into and made a part of this Agreement. CONSULTANT must include with the invoice all supporting documentation, and set out adequate and complete details of the Services rendered. CONSULTANT shall be solely responsible for, and shall report, all payments received from PDV USA to the appropriate federal, state and local taxing authorities.
4. **Personnel.** During the term of this Agreement, CONSULTANT shall devote all of the time of CONSULTANT's members and employees (hereinafter referred to as "Personnel") that is reasonable and necessary to perform independent consulting services (the "Services") for PDV USA which shall include, but are not limited to, the Services set forth in **Exhibit A** which with any addendums or schedules thereto, shall be integrated into and made a part of this Agreement. CONSULTANT shall make its Personnel available to perform the Services upon reasonable request by PDV USA, and the Services shall be rendered at such times as shall be mutually determined and shall be coordinated through the PDV USA Authorized Representative. This Agreement is entered into by PDV USA in reliance upon CONSULTANT and the qualifications of the Personnel. With the exception of clerical, bookkeeping, and secretarial work, CONSULTANT and its Personnel shall perform the Services and may not be substituted without the prior consent of PDV USA.
5. **Independent Contractor.** In the performance of the Services, CONSULTANT and its Personnel shall act solely as an independent contractor and nothing herein shall at any time be construed to create the relationship of employer and employee, partnership, principal and agent, or joint venture as between PDV USA and CONSULTANT or PDV USA and CONSULTANT's Personnel. CONSULTANT and its Personnel shall have no right or authority, and shall not attempt, to enter into any contract, commitment, or agreement, or incur any debt or liability, of any nature, in the name of or on behalf of PDV USA, its subsidiaries, or affiliates.

CONSULTING AGREEMENT

6. **Confidential Information.** CONSULTANT and its Personnel shall hold in strictest confidence any information, data and material which is related to PDV USA's business or is designated as proprietary and confidential or is otherwise provided or made available by PDV USA in connection with the Services performed hereunder ("Confidential Information"). CONSULTANT and its Personnel shall not, without PDV USA's prior written consent, disclose to others any Confidential Information disclosed to CONSULTANT and its Personnel by PDV USA or any Confidential Information which comes into the possession of CONSULTANT and its Personnel as a result of this Agreement. CONSULTANT shall not to make use of the Confidential Information other than for the performance of the Services under this Agreement. Confidential information includes, but is not limited to, information related to research, development, pricing, trade secrets, customer lists, salaries, technical data, procedures, or business affairs of PDV USA, its subsidiaries and affiliated companies. The Confidential Information shall remain the property of PDV USA and PDV USA may request the return of the Confidential Information at any time upon written request to CONSULTANT. The obligations in this section shall apply to any information, data and material that constitutes "Confidential Information" as defined herein which was provided or made available to CONSULTANT and its Personnel prior to the effective date of this Agreement.

7. **Warranty.** CONSULTANT hereby represents and warrants to PDV USA, with the intention that PDV USA rely thereon in entering into this Agreement, that: (a) CONSULTANT has the present capacity and will take all steps necessary to maintain the capacity to perform the Services hereunder; (b) each of CONSULTANT's Personnel assigned to perform Services hereunder has the proper skill, training, and background so as to be able to perform such Services in a competent and professional manner; (c) CONSULTANT and each of its Personnel are properly registered and licensed to perform the Services hereunder and shall maintain any such registration and licenses during the term of this Agreement; (d) in connection with performing the Services, CONSULTANT and its Personnel will not violate any applicable laws or regulations of any jurisdiction; (e) no portion of any payment to CONSULTANT by PDV USA pursuant to this Agreement shall be used as a bribe, kickback, rebate, illegal political contribution, or in violation of applicable foreign exchange control regulations, tax laws or regulations, or other laws or regulations of any jurisdiction; and (f) the execution and performance by CONSULTANT of this Agreement does not and will not violate or conflict with or result in a breach of any of the terms, conditions, duties, or obligations to which CONSULTANT is bound to any third party or any other rights of any third party.

8. **PDV USA Rules.** CONSULTANT and its Personnel shall comply with any policy and procedures of PDV USA in the event they apply to the performance of the Services. CONSULTANT shall be notified by PDV USA when such compliance is required.

9. **Personnel Expertise.** CONSULTANT warrants that its Personnel has the experience, expertise, and skills to perform the Services.

10. **Indemnity.** CONSULTANT shall protect, defend (at CONSULTANT's expense and by counsel satisfactory to PDV USA), indemnify, save and hold harmless PDV USA, its subsidiaries and affiliates and its and their agents, directors, officers, shareholders, employees, representatives, successors, and assigns, from and against any and all breaches of this Agreement by CONSULTANT, its Personnel, direct or indirect costs, damages, losses, obligations, lawsuits, claims, liabilities, fines, or penalties (whether or not ultimately defeated) in connection with, arising out of, relating to, incidental to, or resulting from any act or omission or any alleged act or omission by CONSULTANT or its Personnel, including in each instance, but not limited to, all costs and expenses of investigation and defending any claim at any time arising and any final judgments, compromises, settlements, court costs and attorneys' fees, whether foreseen or unforeseen (including all such expenses, court costs, and attorneys' fees in the enforcement of PDV USA's rights hereunder)

CONSULTING AGREEMENT

incurred by PDV USA directly or indirectly.

11. **Insurance.** In the event PDV USA considers appropriate and applicable, and after proper notification to CONSULTAT, CONSULTANT shall be responsible for providing the following insurance coverages:
 - a. Workers' compensation and employer's liability insurance covering all of CONSULTANT's Personnel in accordance with the statutory requirements of the state of hire in which the Services are to be performed. CONSULTANT's employers' liability insurance covering its Personnel shall have a limit of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) per occurrence.
 - b. Comprehensive general liability insurance with contractual liability providing for a combined single limit of five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) for personal injury, death or property damage resulting from each occurrence and covering all of CONSULTANT's operations involved in the performance of the Services hereunder. The aforesaid insurance shall cover, but not be limited to, loss of or damage to PDV USA's, and to CONSULTANT's, property, members, and employees.
 - c. Business automobile liability insurance covering owned, non-owned and hired motor vehicles, with combined single limits of at least five hundred thousand dollars (\$500,000) for personal injury, death, or property damage, resulting from each occurrence.

In addition, PDV USA shall be named as an 'additional insured' with respect to comprehensive general liability coverage and automobile liability insurance coverage. Each respective insurance carrier shall waive subrogation rights with respect to PDV USA. CONSULTANT shall provide PDV USA with certificates evidencing the required coverage as soon as possible but in no event later than ten (10) days after this Agreement is executed. The insurance limits provided hereunder are those minimum limits to be provided by CONSULTANT and do not limit the liabilities for which CONSULTANT is responsible under this Agreement

12. **Title to Work Product.** All work performed hereunder, and any and all materials and products developed or prepared for PDV USA by CONSULTANT, including any Deliverables, are the property of PDV USA and all title and interest therein shall vest in PDV USA and shall be deemed to be made in the course of the Services rendered hereunder. To the extent that title to any such works may not, by operation of law, vest in PDV USA, all rights, title and interest therein are hereby irrevocably assigned to PDV USA. All such materials and products shall belong exclusively to PDV USA; with PDV USA having the right to obtain and hold in its own name, copyrights, patents, registrations or such other protection as may be appropriate to the subject matter thereof. PDV USA may use any of the work, materials, and products, Services or Deliverables in its sole discretion without additional compensation to CONSULTANT. CONSULTANT shall give PDV USA and any person designated by PDV USA reasonable assistance, at PDV USA's expense, required to perfect the rights defined in this Paragraph. Unless otherwise requested by PDV USA, upon completion of the Services to be performed hereunder, CONSULTANT shall immediately turn over to PDV USA all materials and products developed pursuant hereto.
13. **Audit.** PDV USA, its Accountant, Corporate Auditor and/or any third person representing PDV USA, shall have the right to inspect and/or audit, during the CONSULTANT's normal business hours, the books, records, internal controls and procedures and other information with respect to (a) CONSULTANT's performance of its obligations under this Agreement, and (b) information used by the CONSULTANT in determining the amounts payable by PDV USA under this Agreement. PDV USA shall provide reasonable notice to CONSULTANT of its plan to audit. CONSULTANT shall

CONSULTING AGREEMENT

retain all such records for a period of two years following the last day of each calendar year, in an orderly fashion, to facilitate the audit process.

14. **Authorized Representative and Notices.** Any notice hereunder shall be in writing and shall be effective when delivered by email, personally or when deposited in the mail, postage prepaid, registered or certified and addressed as follows:

If to CONSULTANT:

Interamerican Consulting, Incorporated
10925 N.W. 43rd Lane
Miami, Florida 33178
Attention: David Rivera

If to PDV USA:

Mr. Pío González
Edificio Petróleos de Venezuela, Torre Este,
La Campina, Caracas – Venezuela 1060
Email: gonzalezpu@pdvsa.com
Phone Number: +582127083700

15. **Publicity.** CONSULTANT shall not issue a press release regarding this Agreement or the Services provided or use PDV USA's or its affiliates' names in any advertising or publicity, without PDV USA's prior written consent.
16. **Choice of Law and Venue.** This Agreement shall be deemed to be made under, and shall be construed in accordance with, the laws of the State of New York (without reference to choice of law doctrine). The parties irrevocably submit to the exclusive jurisdiction of the State of New York for purposes of any suit, action or proceedings relating to this Agreement.
17. **Compliance With Laws.** To the extent applicable, CONSULTANT shall comply with all federal, state and local laws, regulations and ordinances.
18. **Assignment and Subcontracting.** This Agreement is entered into by PDV USA in reliance upon the personal qualifications of CONSULTANT's Personnel and, therefore, CONSULTANT shall not assign this Agreement voluntarily, involuntarily, or by operation of law without the express written consent of PDV USA. CONSULTANT may not subcontract any portion of the Services without the prior written consent of the PDV USA Authorized Representative.
19. **Miscellaneous.** No waiver of any provision of this Agreement, or a breach hereof, shall be effective unless it is in writing and signed by both parties. No waiver of a breach of this Agreement (whether express or implied) shall constitute a waiver of a subsequent breach. All provisions of this Agreement are severable, and the unenforceability or invalidity of any of them shall not affect the enforceability or validity of the remaining provisions of this Agreement. Any provision of this Agreement which by the nature of its terms would survive any termination or expiration of this Agreement shall continue to apply to the parties and remain in full force and effect. The headings in this Agreement are inserted for convenience only and shall not be used in the interpretation hereof. Both parties have reviewed, and have had an opportunity for comment upon, this Agreement. Any rule or principle of contractual construction that would otherwise require any aspect of this Agreement to be interpreted against the party primarily responsible for

CONSULTING AGREEMENT

its drafting shall not be employed in the interpretation hereof. This Agreement shall not be modified, altered, amended, or revoked except in writing duly executed by the parties.

20. **Exhibits and Entirety.** This Agreement contains all agreements of any kind or nature (oral or written) between the parties and all prior or contemporaneous promises, representations, agreements, or understandings are expressly merged herein and superseded hereby. Any and all additional and different terms contained in CONSULTANT's proposals are herein rejected. This Agreement shall include the following exhibits ("Exhibits") attached hereto and incorporated herein by reference:

- Exhibit A Scope of Services and Deliverables
- Exhibit B Compensation and Payment Schedule

This Consulting Agreement and the Exhibits are collectively referred to as the "Contract Documents". To the extent of any inconsistency or conflicting terms and/or conditions between this Agreement and any of the Exhibits, this Agreement shall govern and control. The Exhibits will have the same priority in the event of an irreconcilable conflict in the order in which they are listed above.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, the parties have executed this Agreement as of the day and year first shown above.

PDV USA, Inc.

By: _____

Name: **GUILLERMO BLANCO**

Title: **President**

Date: **March 21st, 2017**

Interamerican Consulting

By: _____

Name: **DAVID RIVERA**

Title: **President**

Date: **March 21st, 2017**

CONSULTING AGREEMENT

EXHIBIT A

of

Consulting Agreement by and Between
PDV USA, Inc and
Interamerican Consulting, Incorporated
March 21st, 2017

SCOPE OF SERVICES AND DELIVERABLES

The **Services** in general shall include, but not limited to:

It shall be the CONSULTANT's duty to provide strategic consulting services to the CLIENT as the CLIENT deems necessary and appropriate.

CONSULTANT will provide CLIENT with strategic consulting and assistance developing strategies to inform policy makers and opinion leaders regarding CLIENT initiatives and achievements.

CONSULTANT will develop and work with CLIENT to organize and implement a multi-faceted strategy to reinforce CLIENT's standing among important public officials and opinion leaders.

CONSULTANT will support CLIENT in the planning and execution of a strategic plan directed at targeted stakeholders to assist CLIENT with the development and implementation of a program to support efforts that will enhance the long-term reputation and standing of CLIENT.

CONSULTANT will identify opportunities to build long-term relationships among key third-parties, opinion leaders and public officials.

Consultant Deliverables are:

The CONSULTANT will provide the CLIENT with updates regarding the strategic consulting services provided by the CONSULTANT, and include with the invoice all supporting documentation, and set out adequate and complete details of the Services rendered.

CONSULTANT shall provide CLIENT with a bi-weekly report detailing the activities that it has carried out during that period to achieve the stated goals and purposes of the Agreement as well as a final report integrating all work product including recommendations for monitoring and following-up on the strategies implemented.

CONSULTING AGREEMENT

EXHIBIT B

of

Consulting Agreement by and Between
PDV USA, Inc and
Interamerican Consulting, Incorporated
March 21st, 2017

COMPENSATION AND PAYMENT SCHEDULE

CONSULTANT agrees to accept and PDV USA agrees to pay for the complete, satisfactory and timely performance of the Services in strict accordance with all requirements contained in this Agreement. The total compensation for the Services provided by CONSULTANT, as per the terms and conditions herein provided, is U.S. Dollars 50,000,000.00.

PAYMENT SCHEDULE:

Initial Payment Installment for US\$ 5,000,000.00 on March 21st, 2017

Consecutive Payment Installments for US\$ 5,000,000.00 every two weeks starting on April 4th, 2017 until reaching the total amount of US\$ 25,000,000.00 by May 16th, 2017

Final Payment Installment for US\$ 25,000,000.00 before June 15th, 2017.

INVOICING:

Consultant shall submit an invoice for the Service completed and accepted, (as approved by the PDV USA Representative indicated in Section 14 of the Consulting Agreement), in triplicate, to the address shown below. The invoice shall reference the Consulting Agreement Number, PDV USA authorized personnel responsible for accepting the services provided, and banking instructions.

Invoices shall be submitted by email to:

Mr. Pío González
Email: gonzalezpu@pdvsa.com
PhoneNumber: +582127083700

EXHIBIT 2

ASSIGNMENT AND ASSUMPTION CONSENT AGREEMENT TO "Consulting Agreement, Dated March 21, 2017"

This Assignment and Assumption Agreement (the "Assignment and Assumption Agreement") is made and entered into as of May, 10, 2017 (the "Assignment Effective Date"), by and between **PDV USA, Inc.**, a Delaware company ("PDV USA"), located at 65 East 55th Street, Floor 21, New York, New York, 10022, United States of North America ("Assignor"), and **Petróleos de Venezuela, S.A.**, located at Avenida Libertador, Edificio Petróleos de Venezuela, S.A., Caracas, Venezuela, a company organized under the laws of the República Bolivariana de Venezuela ("Assignee").

Interamerican Consulting, Incorporated ("Consultant"), located at 10925 N.W. 43rd Lane, Miami, Florida, 33178, hereby consents to this Assignment and Assumption Agreement.

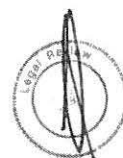
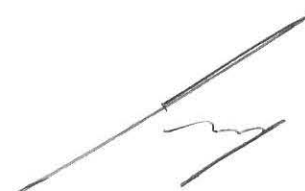
WHEREAS, Assignor and Consultant are parties to that certain Consulting Agreement, dated as of March 21, 2017 (the "Agreement").

WHEREAS, Assignor has agreed to assign all rights, obligations and liabilities under the Agreement to Assignee, and Assignee has agreed to unrestrictedly assume such rights and obligations of Assignor under the Agreement, as set forth therein;

WHEREAS, Consultant has agreed to consent to the terms and conditions of this Assignment and Assumption Agreement, and therefore, fully release Assignor for all past, present, and future obligations under the Agreement.

NOW THEREFORE, for and in consideration of the premises and the mutual covenants contained herein, and for the other good and valuable consideration, the receipt, adequacy and legal sufficiency of which are hereby acknowledged, the Parties do hereby agree as follows:

1. Assignment and Assumption. As of the Assignment Effective Date, Assignor hereby assigns, sells, transfers and delivers to Assignee all of the rights, obligations and liabilities under the Agreement. Assignee hereby accepts the assignment and assumption and agrees to observe and perform all of the past, present and future duties, obligations and covenants of, and to pay and discharge, all of the rights, obligations and liabilities under the Agreement. This Assignment and Assumption shall be construed as a novation or a release of Assignor under the Agreement. All other terms and conditions of the Agreement, including any dully approved amendment or change order, shall continue and remain unchanged.



ASSIGNMENT AND ASSUMPTION CONSENT AGREEMENT TO "Consulting Agreement, Dated March 21, 2017"

2. Further Actions. Each of the Parties hereto covenants and agrees, at its own expense, to execute and deliver, at the request of the other Party hereto, such further instruments of transfer and assignment and assumption and to take such other action as such other Party may reasonably request to more effectively consummate the assignments and assumptions contemplated by this Assignment and Assumption Agreement.

3. General. This Assignment and Assumption Agreement sets forth the entire agreement as to the assignment and assumption of the Agreement and there are no other agreements, modifications or understandings except as set forth herein. In the event any parts of this Assignment and Assumption Agreement are rendered null or void, those parts shall be severed and the remaining agreement shall remain valid. This Assignment and Assumption Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of New York. This Assignment and Assumption Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, all of which shall be considered one and the same agreement. Subject to the provisions hereto, this Assignment and Assumption Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the Parties hereto, and, in the case of Assignee, its successors and assigns. Nothing herein shall create a third party beneficiary.

ASSIGNOR
PDV USA, Inc

BY: _____
Name: Guillermo Blanco
Title: Presidente
Date: 05- Octubre - 2017

ASSIGNEE
Petróleos de Venezuela, S.A.

BY: _____
Name: Guillermo Blanco
Title: Vicepresidente Refinación
Date: 05- Octubre - 2017

CONSENTED BY:
Interamerican Consulting, Incorporated

By: _____
Name: _____
Title: _____
Date: _____

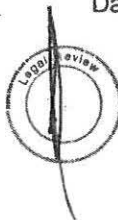


EXHIBIT 3

**RESCISSION OF ASSIGNMENT AND ASSUMPTION CONSENT AGREEMENT TO
"CONSULTING AGREEMENT, DATED MARCH 21, 2017"**

This Rescission of Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement To "Consulting Agreement, Dated March 21, 2017" (the "Rescission Agreement"), is made by and between **Petroleos de Venezuela, S.A. (PDVSA)**, a company organized under the laws of the Republica Bolivariana de Venezuela ("PDVSA"), and **PDV USA, Inc.**, a Delaware company ("PDV USA"), located at 65 East 55th Street, Floor 21, New York, New York, 10022, United States of North America.

WHEREAS, PDV USA and Interamerican Consulting, Incorporated ("Interamerican") are parties to that certain Consulting Agreement, dated as of March 21, 2017 (the "Consulting Agreement");

WHEREAS, on or about October 5, 2017, PDV USA and PDVSA signed that certain "Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement To 'Consulting Agreement, Dated March 21, 2017'" (the "Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement");

WHEREAS, by its terms, the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement was intended to be "construed as a novation or a release" of PDV USA under the Agreement and required the consent of Interamerican;

WHEREAS, Interamerican did not provide its consent, never executed the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement, and objected to its terms;

WHEREAS, as the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement was never fully executed, it was not formed and did not become effective or transfer any rights, obligations or liabilities to PDVSA under the Consulting Agreement;

WHEREAS, for the avoidance of doubt, in the event that any rights, obligations or liabilities under the Consulting Agreement were transferred from PDV USA to PDVSA pursuant to the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement, PDVSA now seeks to rescind such transfer and, if necessary, transfer such rights, obligations or liabilities back to PDV USA;

NOW, THEREFORE, the parties hereto, intending to be legally bound, do hereby agree as follows:

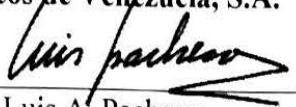
1. Assignment and Assumption. PDVSA hereby rescinds the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement. To the extent any rights, obligations or liabilities under the Consulting Agreement were previously transferred from PDV USA to PDVSA pursuant to the Assignment and Assumption Consent Agreement, PDVSA hereby transfers and assigns to PDV USA any such rights, obligations and liabilities to PDV USA, and PDV USA hereby accepts this transfer and assignment. All other terms and conditions of the Consulting Agreement, including any duly approved amendment or change order, shall continue and remain unchanged.

2. General. In the event any parts of this Rescission Agreement are rendered null or void, those parts shall be severed, and the remaining agreement shall remain valid. This

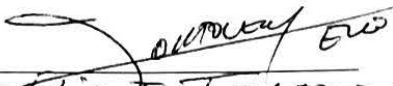


Rescission Agreement shall be governed by the laws of the State of New York. This Rescission Agreement may be executed in one or more counterparts, all of which shall be considered one and the same agreement. Subject to the provisions hereto, this Rescission Agreement shall be binding upon and inure to the benefit of and be enforceable by the Parties hereto. Nothing herein shall create a third-party beneficiary.

Petroleos de Venezuela, S.A.

BY: 
Name: Luis A. Pacheco
Title: President Junta Administradora ad hoc
de PDVSA
Date: October 30, 2020

PDV USA, Inc.

BY: 
Name: Elio S. TONTORENO
Title: DIRECTOR OF PDV USA
Date: 10/30/2020